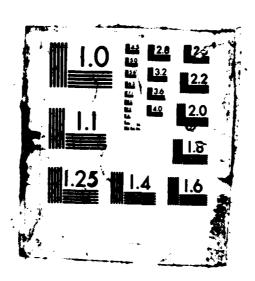


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| AD-A178 493   |  | 16. RESTRICTIVE MARKINGS  |                                  |                       |            |
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| 17. COSATI CODES  FIELD GROUP SUB-GROUP  19. ABS NACT (Continue on reverse if necessary Work on the spectra of this | 18. SUBJECT TERMS (CAPICS)  defonations  and identify by block in  radicals NH, CC | Free radica<br>Fourier transfer<br>Laser-inductions<br>(umber)  | als dansform spectored fluoresco | troscopy/<br>ence     |            |
| vibration-rotation spectrum of jet-cooled CHAN and CDAN radio   | f CH was analyzed cal was recorded   | The ultra-<br>and analyzed  | -cold emission                   | on spectrum           | from the   |
| OTK_EILE_CO2"   | \ J  |   |                                  | MAR 3 1 1             | 987        |
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# A. The Free Radicals: NH, CCN, CP and PH.

The spectra of these free radicals were described in previous reports. The work on these species is complete and published or in press. $^{1-5}$ 

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# B. The Vibration-Rotation Spectrum of CH.

The CH radical is one of the most prominent and important molecules in detonations and all varieties of energetic environments. In spite of the frequent observation of the spectra of CH in many regions of the electromagnetic spectrum (microwave to ultraviolet), the excited vibrational levels of the ground state are essentially uncharacterized with the exception of v=1. Since these excited vibrational levels will be populated in energetic environments, it is important to detect them spectroscopically. The vibrationrotation emission spectrum of the  $X^2\Pi$  state of CH was observed with the McMath Fourier transform spectrometer at Kitt Peak. The 1-0, 2-1 and 3-2 bands were detected in a microwave discharge of allene in Ar and methane in He. A simultaneous fit of all of the line positions provided spectroscopic constants for v=0, 1, 2 and 3. Equilibrium molecular constants (in cm<sup>-1</sup>) include  $\omega_e$  = 2860.4118(98),  $\omega_e x_e$  = 64.1082(46),  $\omega_e y_e = 0.2406(10)$ ,  $B_e = 14.45862(48)$ ,  $\alpha_e = 0.2406(10)$ 0.53416(58),  $\gamma_e = 0.00198(15)$ ,  $r_e = 1.11983(2)$ Å. An RKR potential curve was calculated from the equilibrium constants.

## C. Methylnitrene: CH3 and CD3N

Metal and organic ayides are widely used energetic materials.

The primary decomposition products of organic a≠ides are
nitrene free radicals R-N.

The CH<sub>3</sub>N and CD<sub>3</sub>N radicals were made in a free radical jet source of the Engelking type. A corona-excited plasma produced from methyl azide ( $CH_3N_3$  or  $CD_3N_3$ ) in He was expanded into vacuum to provide ultracold (15K)  $CH_3N$  and  $CD_3N$ . The low rotational temperature simplifies the spectrum and allows a rotational analysis.

The CH<sub>3</sub>N radical is closely related to NH so there is an ultraviolet  $\lambda^3 E - \lambda^3 A_2$  transition analogous to the  $A^3 \pi - \lambda^3 \Sigma^-$  transition of NH. The ultraviolet emission from the cold plasma was detected with the Fourier Transform spectrometer. The laser excitation spectrum was also recorded with a frequency-doubled c.w. ring dye laser. Preliminary analysis of  $\lambda - \lambda$  spectrum of CH<sub>3</sub>N and CD<sub>3</sub>N gives an  $r_0$  structure of  $r_{C-N} = 1.411 \lambda$ ,  $r_{C-H} = 1.09 \lambda$  (assumed) and  $\theta_{CH_2} = 106 \lambda$  for the ground state. The C-N bond length is somewhat shorter (0.03-0.09  $\lambda$ ) than the values predicted by three recent quantum chemical calculations.

# D. New Organometallic Free Radicals: Cannn and Srnnn

We have continued work on the alkaline earth-containing free radicals such as MOR, MNCO and MC5H5 (M = Ca, Sr;  $R = CH_3$ ,  $CH_2CH_3$ , etc.) that we have discovered with partial ONR support. The first spectrum of a gas-phase metal azide was recorded by the reaction of Ca (or Sr) with  $HN_3$  to produce

Cannn (or Srnnn). Metal azides are widely used in detonators.

A high-resolution analysis of the  $\lambda^2\pi - \lambda^2\epsilon^+$  transition of SrNNN established a linear geometry with a Ca-N bond length of 2.25 Å. The Sr-N vibrational frequency is 316 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

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11. C. R. Brazier and P. F. Bernath, Laser Spectroscopy of Calcium and Strontium Monoazides, in preparation.

#### STATUS REPORT

for period

Jan 1, 1986 - Dec 31, 1986

for Contract N00014-84-K-0122

# LASER SPECTROSCOPY OF TRANSIENT MOLECULES IMPORTANT IN EXPLOSIONS

## A. Graduate Students

- 1. L. Ellinboe (O'Brien)
- 2. D. Bopegedera
- 3. S. Pianalto

#### B. Post-Doctorals

- 1. C. Brazier
- 2. R. Ram
- P. Carrick (visitor)

## C. Current Grant Support

National Science Foundation, 1986 - 1989, \$280,000 Petroleum Research Fund, 1985 - 1988, \$52,500

## D. Financial Status

All funds were expended by December 31, 1986.

# E. Permanent Equipment

None acquired.

#### STATUS REPORT

#### A. Personnel

Peter Bernath, P. I., Assistant Professor, summer support

Chris Brazier, postdoctoral research associate, half-time support

Ram Ram, postdoctoral research associate, half-time support

Susan Kinsey-Nielsen, graduate student (M. Sc. degree this year)

Leah Ellingboe, graduate student

Darshi Bopegedera, graduate student

#### B. Current Grant Support

National Science Foundation, 1983-1986, \$180,000 Petroleum Reseach Fund, 1985-1988, \$52,500

#### C. Financial Status

All funds will be expended by December 31, 1985.

#### D. Permanent Equipment

Ultraviolet capability (doubling crystals) for Coherent 699-29 dye laser, \$10,010.